Foster Care Review Board Core Curriculum Training

PRESENTED BY:

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Foster Care Review Board Training Agenda

Overview: What is FCRB
Statutes and Rules
The Review

Why Do We Have FCRB?

IV-E Federal Requirement:

Review hearings must be held with 6 months of custody and every 6 months thereafter to ensure progress is being made on the case plan.
42 U.S.C. § 675(5)(B); 45 C.F.R. § 1355.34(c)(2)(ii)

State is free to establish case reviews at an earlier point.

The permanency hearings / reviews must be held by a court or a court-approved administrative body.

THE ROADMAP

Required Hearings for Children in Foster Care, Required DCS Meetings, and Other Common Events YOU ARE HERE

Removal Hearing/ Preliminary Hearing

Within 72 hours of entering foster care

PASSING

Adjudicatory Hearing

PASSING

Within 30 days of entering foster care

Entry Point for

Dispositional

Within 15 days of

adjudicatory hearing

Hearing

PASSING

Ratification on Permanency Plan Hearing

Visitation

R 🛨

Within 60 days of entering foster care

PASSING

Periodic Progress
Review Hearings or
Foster Care Review
Boards

Within 90 days of entering foster care

(then, every 6 months)

Visitation

+

Permanency Hearing

PASSING

Within <u>12 months</u> of entering foster care (then, annually)

Child Enters Foster Care

Initial Child and Family Team Meeting (CFTM) Before entering foster care or within 7 days of entering foster care¹

Initial
Permenancy
Planning CFTM
Within 30 days of
entering foster care¹

Placement Changes
Most foster children
experience placement
moves during foster care,
frequently resulting in
changing schools or
placement in a different
county.

DETOUR

Placement Stability CFTM

Prior to placement change or within 15 days of placement change¹

Quarterly Progress CFTM

Every 3 months after entering foster care, unless another CFTM has taken place during the 3-month period¹ Permanency Plan CFTM

+ R+

Visitation

Within 12 months of entering foster care and whenever the Permanency Plan needs to be revised¹

Visitation



These visitations are cruical to timely permanency and maintaining relationships with parents, prior caregivers, relatives, and siblings not in foster care or in a different foster care placement.



Physical Health or Mental Health Appointments

These are routine doctor's visits, including pediatric appointments, dental appointments, medication management appointments, or appointments to address other physical or mental health concerns.



Other Frequent Appointments, Including In-Home and Out-of-Home Therapuetic Services

Sometimes, children in foster care have in-home therapuetic services several times a week, along with counselling appointments 1-4 times per month. Therapeutic visitation with parents or prior caregivers is also a common service.

Foster Care Review Board

A board of citizen volunteers appointed by the juvenile court judge.

Functions of the Board

Serves
quasi-judicial
function

Nuts and Bolts



FCRB Timing Tennessee Requirements

Permanency Plan reviews must occur in compliance with federal law ninety (90) days after placement in foster care and at least every six (6) months after that. The reviews may be by the judge or by the FCRB. TN Code §

37-2-404

FCRB Notice Tennessee Requirements

Court determines date & location of review and notices DCS 14 days in advance. Notice of the review and the right to attend & participate must be given to parents, (unless no parental rights), parent's attorney, the guardian ad litem (GAL) and/or attorney for the child, foster parents, prospective adoptive parent, relative caregiver, and the child-party 10 days before review. TRJP 403(a).

FCRB Notice Tennessee Requirements

Board and DCS shall develop procedures to ensure board reviews occur timely 37-2-407(5)(b)

Adequate notice must be provided to all team members, at least seven (7) calendar days in advance of the hearing if done by email, phone or in person and ten (10) calendar days in advance if notice is given by mail. Staff may use CS-0746, Meeting Notification Form to provide written notice to the team members. **DCS**

Administrative Policies and Procedures: 16.32

Any child in foster care and adjudicated delinquent or unruly should be provided notice.

FCRB Procedure per Rule 403

(d) Conduct of the Review:

- (1) The board shall use a summary form to gather information
- (2) Information provided to the board shall only come from persons before the board during the review or from documentation provided by the parties
- (3) Only the parties, their attorneys, the child, and GAL/ Atty for child have the right to be present during the entire review. Necessary persons may be present for the entire review with permission of all parties
- (4) Board may hear from child outside the presence of the parties.

_ Juvenile Court

Foster Care Review Board Summary

Child's Name:	Docket Number:		
Date of Review:	☐ Initial Review ☐ Subsequent Review		
Permanency Goal(s) Return to Parent	Exit Custody with Relative Adoption		
	nip PPLA w/ Relative w/ Non Relative		
Board Members Present: (Quorum of is needed to proceed with the review.)			
John Doe yes John Doe yes John Doe yes John Doe yes	□ no Susie Q □ no Susie Q □ no Susie Q □ no Susie Q	yes no yes no yes no yes no	
Father	□ no Attorney □ yes □ no □ no Attorney □ yes □ no □ no Attorney □ yes □ no □ no Attorney/GAL □ yes □ no	□yes □no	
3. Other Persons Present Foster Parent(s)	Treatment Provider (Parent) School Rep DCS IL Specialist Other: Peer Advocate e/she provided with notice of today's review?	yes	
Findings 4. Is there a party whose identity or whereabouts are unknown? yes no na Name(s): If yes, what efforts have been made to identify or locate the missing party?			
Placement a. Where is the child currently placed and what is the date of placement?			

 Does the foster parent have the ability to make decisions regarding the 	child's day-to-day activities?
	□yes □ no □ na
. Health	
a. The EPSD&T Summary was reviewed by the board.	□yes □ no
i. If yes, have all referable conditions been addressed by the appro	opriate healthcare provider?
b. What current medical/mental/dental health concerns that are not bein	g addressed by a healthcare provide
c. What are the results/recommendations from any health/mental health on the child since the EPSD&T or last board review?	assessment or evaluation conducte
i. Have all the recommendations been implemented?	yes no na
d. Is the child currently taking any medication? (if no, skip to e)	□ yes □ no
i. If yes, what side effects is the child experiencing, if any?	_
ii. Which doctor prescribes/monitors the medication?	
Date of last visit with this doctor?	
iii. For any new medication(s), was the baseline monitoring of the m	nedication completed?
	yes no na
e. Does the child's health needs restrict them from participating in age-ap	propriate activities?
ducation	
For children under the age of 3 a. What age appropriate developmental milestones is the child meeting	; <u></u>
b. When was the child referred to TEIS?	
i. If eligible, how are the recommendations from the IFSP helping the chi	ild be successful?
For pre-school aged children only (ages 3-5) a. What educational instruction is the child receiving to prepare for kinder home setting licensed home day care licensed childcare ca	
b. If the child will be five by the school's deadline, is the child ready to star i. If no, what additional assistance is needed to prepare the child?	rt kindergarten? yes no n
□ Development of Interest/Hobby □ Develop Social Skills □ Occu □ Organized Educational Settings □ Speech Therapy	pational Therapy

FCRB Content of Review Tennessee Requirements

At each review, the FCRB determines and reports on:

- Appropriateness of Permanency Goals
- Safety of Placement
- Well Being (Health and Education)
- Visitation
- Reasonable Efforts
- Compliance of Parties

Rule 402(b) JRPP



FCRB Review - Permanency



The path to permanency:

Return to parent

Exit Custody with relative/kin

Adoption

Permanent Guardianship

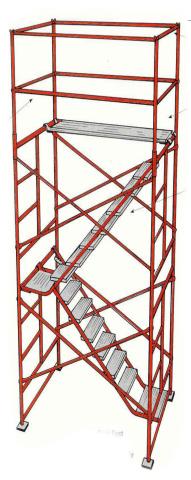
Planned Permanent Living Arrangement (PPLA)

FCRB Review - Safety

HOW DO WE DEFINE SAFETY?



FCRB Review - Well Being Health



Addressing health needs comprehensively

Medical, dental, mental, vision, nutritional

- Annual and follow-up appointments
- Specialists
- Aides/devices

Medication

Protocol

Cross sections with other well-being domains

FCRB Review - Well Being Education



Addressing education needs comprehensively

Progressing with educational goals

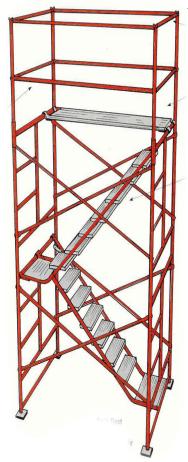
- Grades
- Attendance
- Credits
- Additional Supports

IEP/504

Extracurricular

Cross sections with other well-being domains

Well-Being IL Skills/Transition Planning



Addressing independent living needs comprehensively

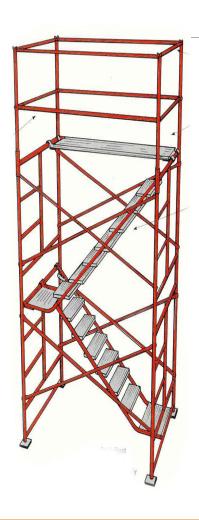
Skill sets needed to transition from secondary education

Planning for the future

Funding for normalcy and extracurricular activities

Cross sections with other well-being domains

FCRB Review - Visitation



Addressing visitation needs comprehensively

Purpose of visitation

- Maintain/strengthen relationship
- Teach skills
- Establish relationship

Quality of visitation

- Location
- Frequency/duration

Cross sections with other domains



Reasonable Efforts

Tennessee law defines as:

"The exercise of reasonable care and diligence by the Department to provide services related to meeting the needs of the child and the family."

T.C.A. § 37-1-166(g).

Reasonable Efforts Must be Made:

- To prevent the need for removal of the child from the child's family,
- 2. To make it possible for the child to return home,
- To place the child in a timely manner in accordance with the permanency plan, and
- 4. To complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child if continuation of reasonable efforts is determined to be inconsistent with the permanency plan for the child (TCA § 37-1-166)

Reasonable efforts:

Should be reasonably related to the reasons the child came into custody or that prevents the child from safely returning home.

Reasonable efforts:

"Reasonable efforts entail more than simply providing parents with a list of service providers and sending them on their way. The Department's employees must use their superior insight and training to assist parents with the problems the Department has identified in the permanency plan, whether the parents ask for assistance or not." In re C.M.M. (Tenn. App. 2004)

Reasonable Efforts to Reunify Not Required

Reasonable efforts shall not be required if a court has determined that any of the following apply:

The parent has subjected the child or any child in the household to aggravated circumstances, including any of the following:

Abandonment of a child or an infant

Aggravated assault

Aggravated kidnapping or especially aggravated kidnapping— Aggravated child abuse and neglect

Aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor or especially aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor

Aggravated rape, rape, rape of a child, or incest

Others at TCA § 36-1-102(9); 37-1-166)

Reviewing the Parties' Progress

Parental Responsibilities & Determining Compliance

Deliberation

403 (e): The board shall deliberate to develop recommendations. All deliberation shall occur outside the presence of the parties, their attorneys, and other persons present for the review.



FCRB Report and Recommendations

The board will announce its recommendations to the parties and set a date for the next review. Signatures from the parties present at the review are gathered on the summary form, with information about all present for the review.

TRJP 403



FCRB Report and Recommendations to Judicial Officer

The court shall establish a procedure to receive the report from the foster care review board.

The report is advisory and must be submitted to the judge or judicial officer, who will review the form and recommendations within ten days following the review. Affirmed as an order of the court if in the child's best interest.

TN Code § 37-2-404; TRJP 403(h)

FCRB Direct Referral

The board may make a direct referral to the court, including its findings and recommendations, under two circumstances:

- •When issues in the case present risk of harm and **directly** compromise the health, safety or welfare of child. Referral must be heard by the judge/ magistrate within **72 hours** excluding non-judicial days.
- •When conditions persist that interfere with permanency goals and these conditions indirectly or chronically compromise the health, safety or welfare of child. Referral must be heard by the judge/magistrate within **30 calendar days**. T.C.A. §§37-2-406(c)(1); TRJP 403(i)

Direct Referrals

Emergency

•To be heard by the judge within 72 hours (excluding non-judicial days)

Non-Emergency

•To be heard by the judge within 30 days

MOCK REVIEWS

Jane Jones
Before the board: What additional information to do you need in order to make your recommendations, specifically related to parental visitation and reasonable efforts?

This is what your FCRB learns via the documentation provided ahead of review:

Jane Jones gave birth to her first child, Jake Jones, on December 31, 2019. Jane and Jake had been living with Jake's father Phillip Moore for about a year, when she began misusing drugs.

In April of 2021, Jane discovered that she was pregnant after being taken to a hospital for treatment of a possible drug overdose. While at the hospital she tested positive for methamphetamine, cocaine, and valium. Despite education from doctors, Jane used methadone purchased off the street illegally in the time period between April, 2021 and August of 2021, when she sought treatment at a methadone clinic. Shortly after Jane entered the treatment program, Ella was born prematurely at thirty-five weeks on September 1, 2021 at the hospital. Following her delivery, Ella began exhibiting distinct signs of opiate withdrawal that required medical treatment using phenobarbital. Jake and Ella were taken into the custody of the Department. Jake was immediately placed in foster care with Mr. and Mrs. Nelson, and Ella joined him there after she was discharged from the hospital. Jane normally visits the children once a week for two hours (supervised by FSW). She has had weekly visits for the last 12 weeks (Since mid-December 2021).

Jane is periodically drug screened at visits, when two women are available to take the screen. Screens have all been clean so far, but she has not been tested in two months. She has not had visits is several weeks. other is FCRB by phone. Father is incarcerated and not present by phone or otherwise.

Additional Information, gathered during the review:

In December of 2021, Phillip was incarcerated on charges of drug possession and multiple DUIs.

DCS says they cannot screen Jane because she cannot be located. Jane knows she has been out of touch with the Department.

Since the children's removal, and Phillip's subsequent incarceration, Jane reported that she lost their housing. She has been staying with different friends in the area. She was able to make it to visits until about three weeks ago. Not having housing has been difficult.

Back in December, Jane told the Family Services Worker that since Phillip is incarcerated, she no longer has transportation.

Jane is willing to be screened, and is adamant that she is clean, and only needs a little help.

She needs help getting to visits and finding housing. She is very emotional in the review.

Need to Know INFO

CIP Contact Information

- Carrie.Mason@tncourts.gov
- http://www.tncourts.gov/programs/courtimprovement

DCS POLICIES CAN BE FOUND

 https://www.tn.gov/dcs/programareas/qi/policies-reportsmanuals/policiesprocedures.html